

 $FIg. \ I$ (Prior Art)

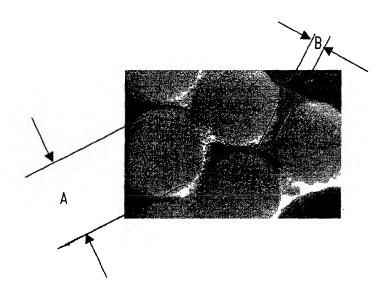


Fig. 2 (Prior Art)

Theoretical Cumulative Release

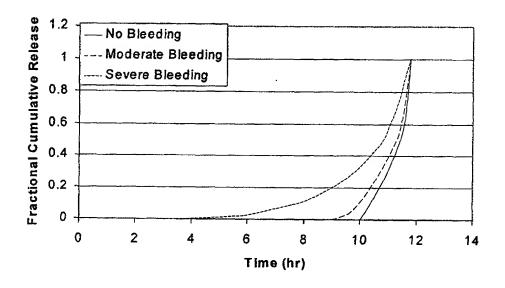
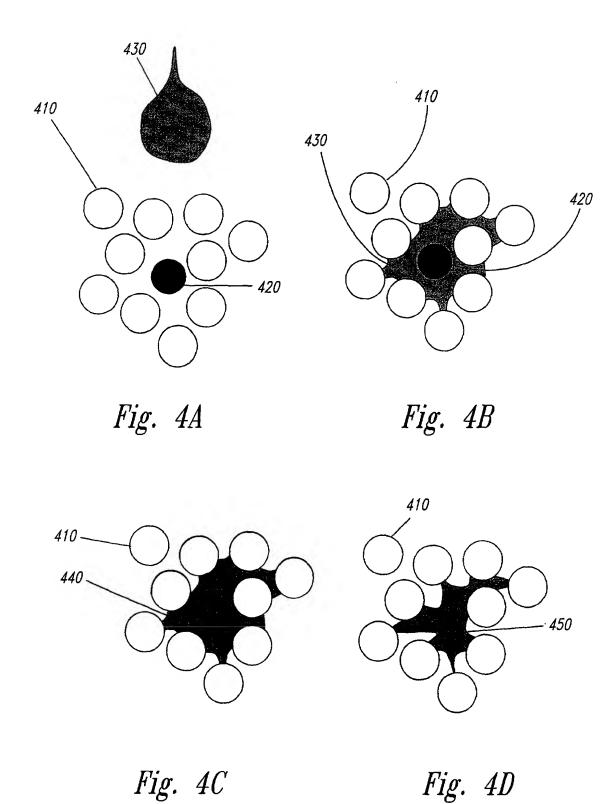
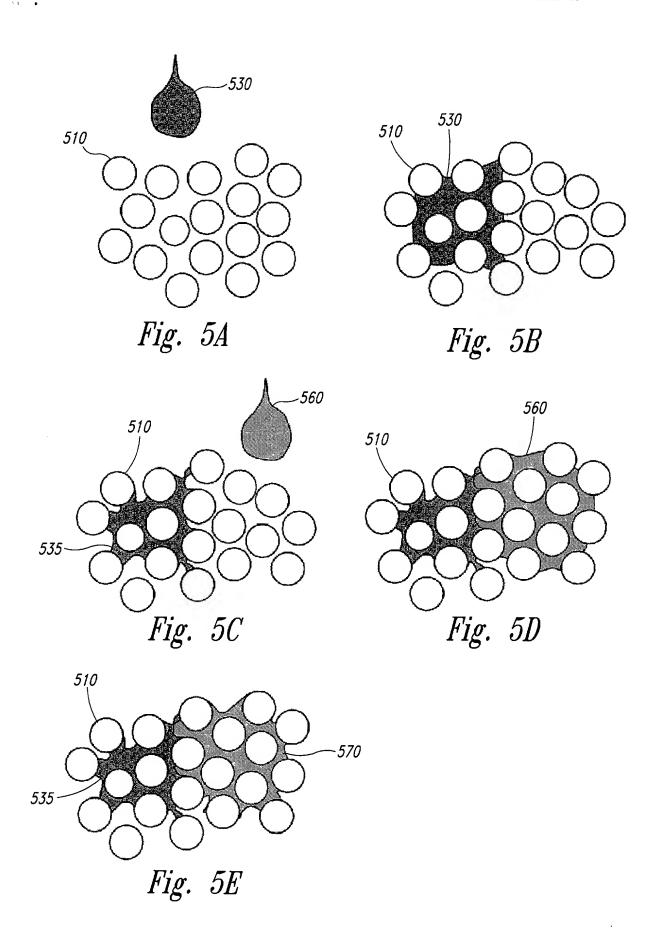


Fig. 3





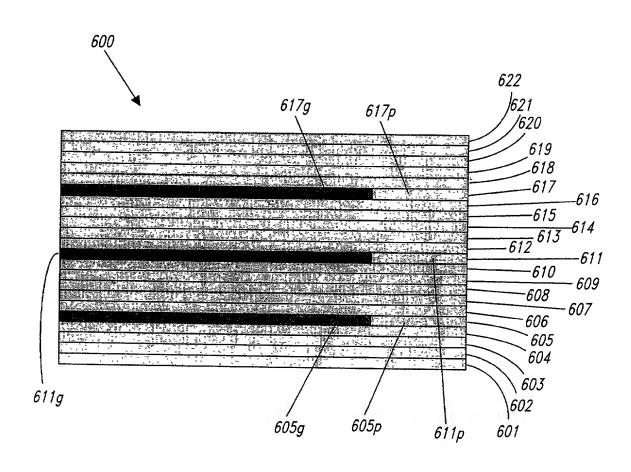


Fig. 6

Maria Tribi

SCANNING IMAGES FOR FLUORESCENT PIXEL DISTRIBUTION

output: distribution position × pixel count over position pixel number **dreen** collapse and average .† × scan across digital image ×

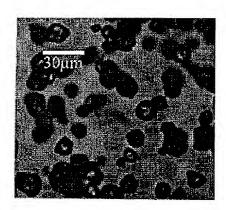


Fig. 8A

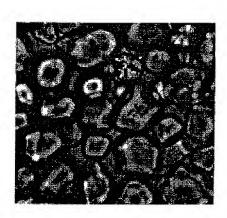
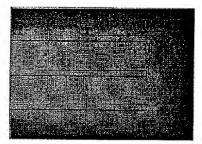
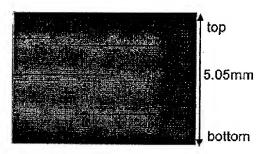


Fig. 8B



Powder: lactose 74 - 106μm Binder: 35wt% sucrose/DI H₂O ave. thickness fluorescein layer = 1150μm



Powder: 90% lactose/10%Cornstarch Binder: 35wt% sucrose/DI H_2O ave. thickness of fluorescein layer = 950 μ m

Fig. 9A

Fig. 9B

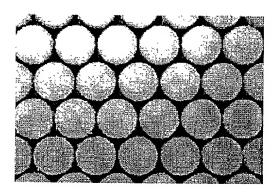
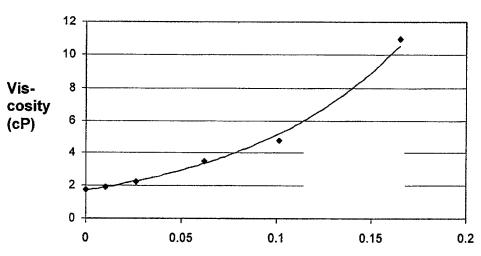


Fig. 10



Concentration of Eudragit E100 (weight fraction) in ethanol

Fig. 11



Powder: lactose 74 - 106µm Binder: 12wt% E100/Ethanol

ave. thickness fluorescein layer = $550\mu m$

Powder: 80% lactose/ 20%E100 Binder: 12wt% E100/Ethanol

ave. thickness fluorescein layer = 440µm

Fig. 12A

Fig. 12B

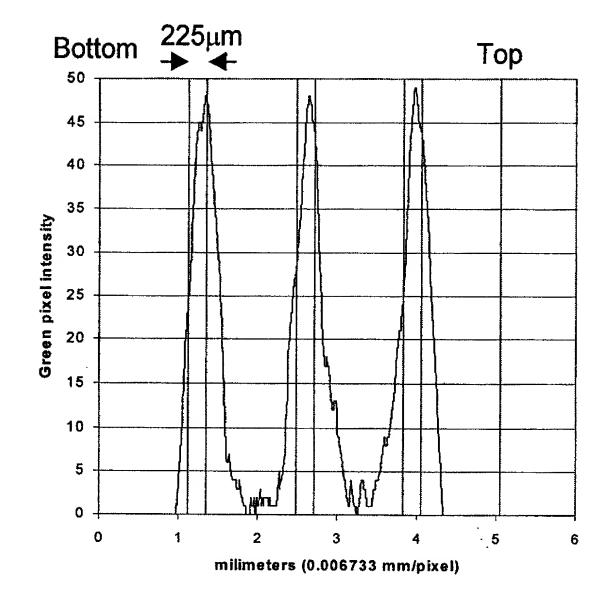


Fig. 13

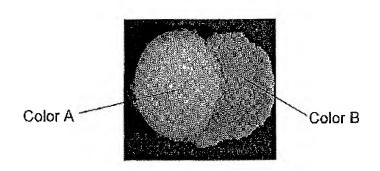
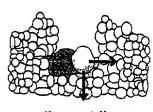


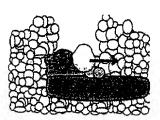
Fig. 14



dry powder



adjacent lines



subsequent layers

Fig. 15A

Fig. 15B

Fig. 15C

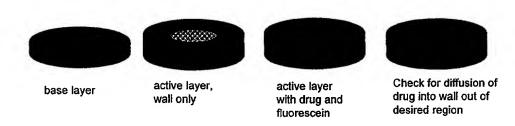


Fig. 16A

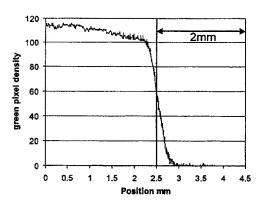


Fig. 16B

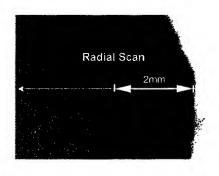


Fig. 16C